

# Minutes of the meeting with the European Commission in March 2015 in Brussels

On the 20<sup>th</sup> of March 2015 the Board of the European Forum of Psychomotricity had a meeting with the European Commission.

### Present at the meeting were:

For the European Commission:

Mrs Agata WALASZCZYK-TERRASSE European Commission, General Directorate Internal Market and Services E4 - Free movement of professionals links 1049 Brussels, Belgium Office: SPA2 06/033 She was accompanied by two colleagues.

For the European Forum of Psychomotricity:

Rui Martins, President Pim Hork, Vice-President Anne-Marie Olsen, Vice-President Regula Seeholzer, Treasure Veronika Pinter-Theiss, Secretary Jean-Pierre Yernaux, Coordinator of the EFP ad-hoc commission "EU"

# The purpose of the meeting was

 to reflect about the possibilities of application of the directives 2005/36/EC and 2013/55/EU related with professional mobility

# Main result of the meeting:

Professional mobility in the field of Psychomotricity in Europe:

### 1. If the hosting country has a regulated profession (like in France):

If the profession is regulated in the host country, the host country must compare the two trainings. The host country can impose (on the choice) either a test, or a training course or additional training if the host country estimates that the contents of the education of the applicant are incomplete. The host country however is obliged to justify this possible request for complement of training course or education.

The applicant can make a recourse attached to the European Commission if he considers the request for unjustified.



## 2. If the hosting country does not have a regulated profession:

If the profession of Psychomotricity is NOT regulated in the host country the applicant can work there freely according to the agreement of an employer. In the case that a specific intervention is regulated by another profession the applicant has to apply for a partly recognition to practice the given intervention.

The directives are valid in all European countries regardless if they are members of the EU.

### Other outcomes of the discussion:

### Harmonizing of education

The European Commission does not have any influence on the contents of the educations in the different countries and does not have the competence to harmonize educations in the European countries.

It has just a right to watch on the value or not of a complaint.

### Conditions of a common training framework

For the constitution of a common training framework it is necessary that 1/3 of the member countries (10 out of 28) have the profession regulated to practise a given profession. Within this framework the members of the platform will be able to analyze competences and aptitudes together and then to harmonize them.

This common training framework is no option for the EFP within the next years!

Brussels, March 2015